# Alaska Department of Transportation & Public Facilities



# Winter Maintenance Challenges in Alaska

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### Alaska - Land of Extremes

Largest State: larger than the next four largest

states combined

**Heaviest Annual Snowfall:** 974.5 inches at

Thompson Pass near Valdez

Tallest Mountain in North America: Denali at

20,320 feet

**Most Glaciers in the Nation:** 29,000+ square

miles or 5% of the State

Shoreline: 33,904 miles

**Temperature Extremes:** 100F in Fort Yukon

and -80F in Prospect Creek

**Permafrost:** 80% of State underlaid by ice-rich

permafrost

Barrow: Northern most town in US. Three

months without the sun and 82 days without the

sun setting



# Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities

 Over 15,000 Miles of Public Roadway

Over 5,600 Miles of State

owned road

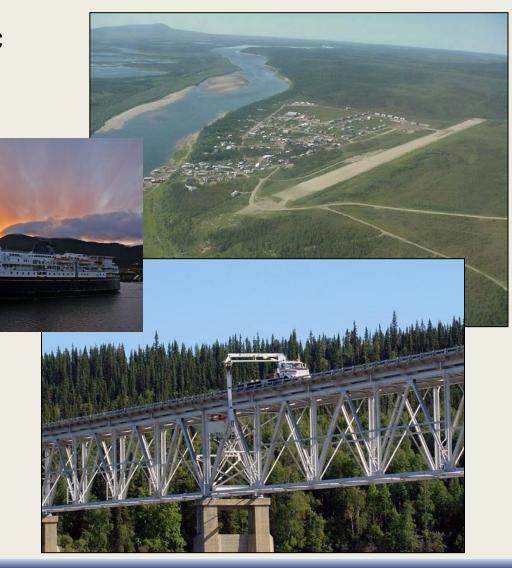
845 Bridges

247 Rural Airports

28 Harbors

720 Buildings (DOT owned or managed)

- Alaska Marine Hwy System
  - 33 ports of call
  - 11 vessels
  - 3,500 miles



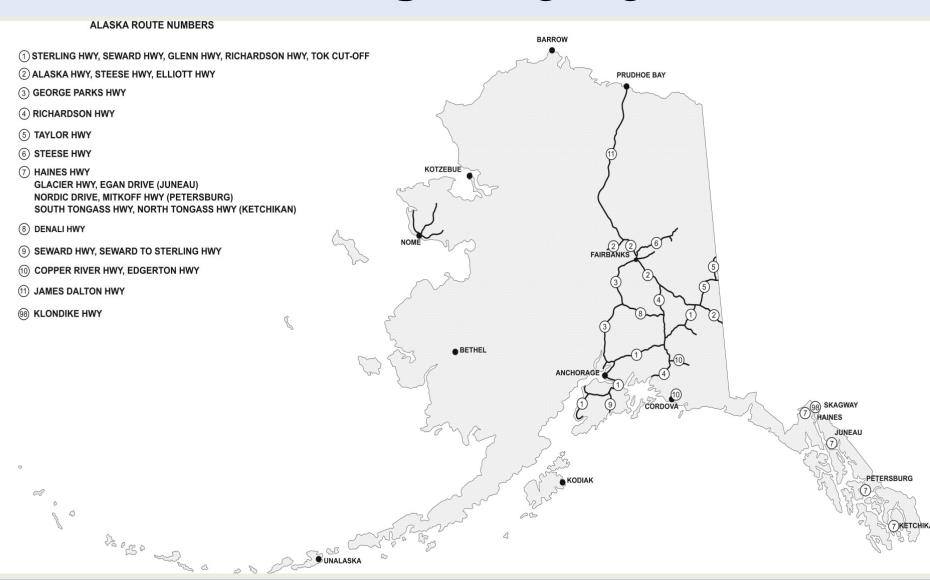
### **Maintenance and Operations**

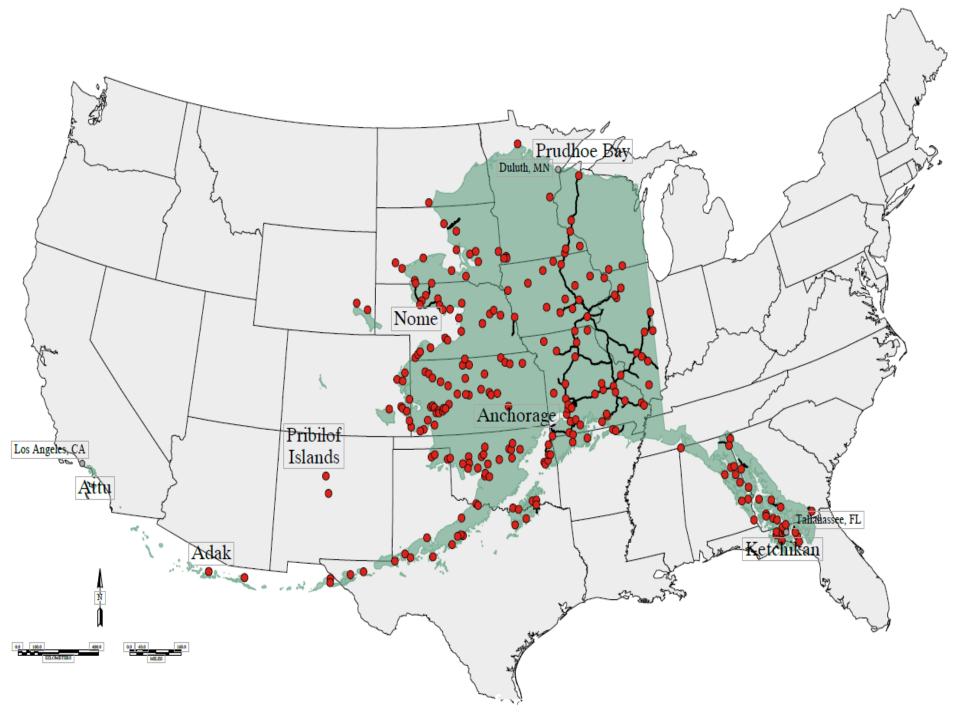
- Nearly 1000 M&O/SEF Employees Statewide
- 79 Maintenance Stations
- 3944 Pieces of Equipment
- \$170M M&O Operating Budget
- \$34M SEF Operating Budget
- \$55M Snow and Ice Control
- 18,000 Tons of Salt Annually
- \$50M FHWA PM Program
- \$5-10M FAA Surface Maintenance
- \$3-20M Deferred Maintenance





## Alaska Highway System



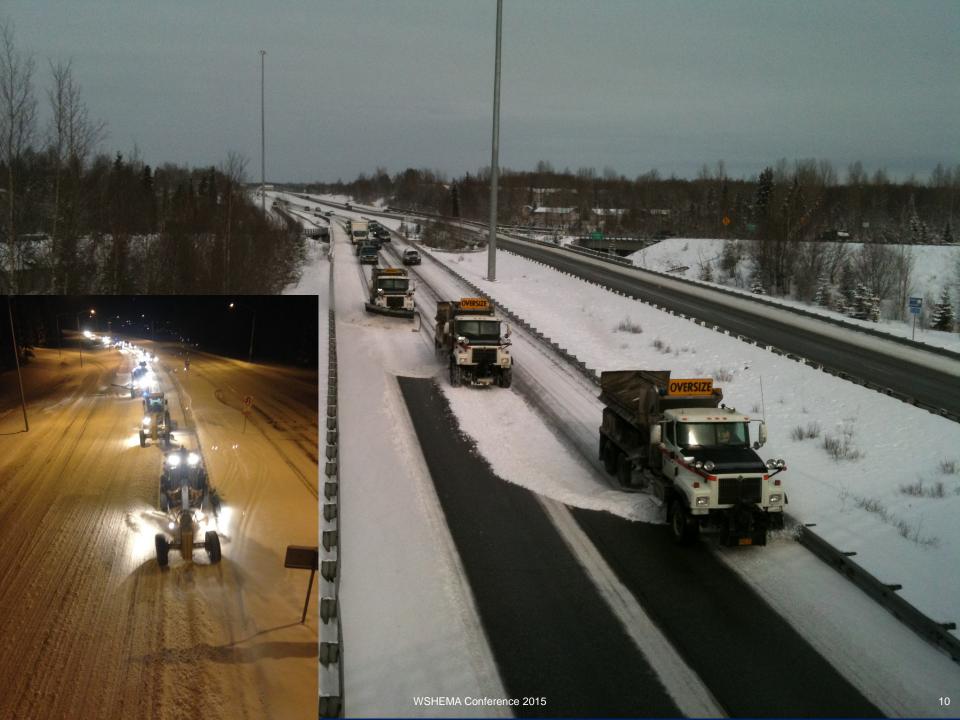






## **Urban Life**





# Rural (Bush) Life



# Rural (Bush) Life



# Normal Rural Mail Delivery









### Winter Maintenance Challenges

- Extreme Temperatures: -80F to +100F
- Extreme Snowfall: 1.5' to 80'
- Extreme Geography: Maritime to Arctic
- Extreme Cost:
  - Bulk Salt \$145/ton
  - Bagged Salt \$400/ton
  - Organic Additive \$2.40+/gal
  - Mag Chloride \$3.00+/gal
  - Diesel \$9-\$10/gal in Villages
  - Equip Shipping up to \$60,000 ea
- Changing Climate
- Declining Budget





### Winter Maintenance Challenges

- Fly it in and fly in out
- Fly in the fuel
- Spare parts
- Fly it back, or stranded asset



# **Maintenance Challenges**







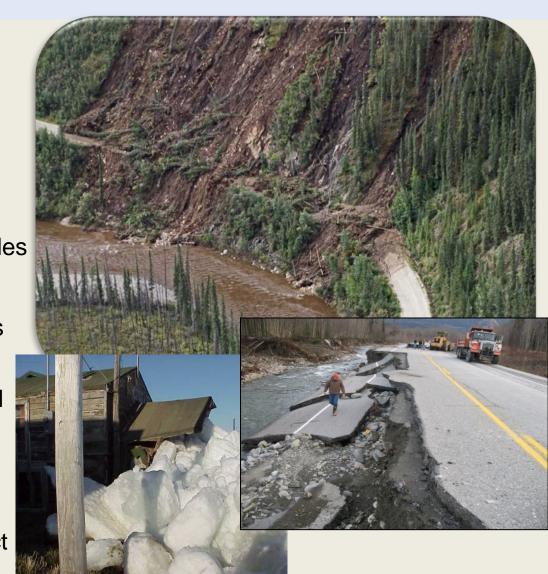
### **Changing Weather Patterns**

#### **Temperatures Increases**

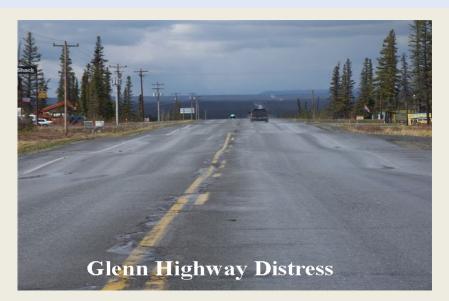
- Permafrost Thawing Affecting Infrastructure Support
- Increasing Risk of Landslides
- Diminishing Sea Ice and Increasing Coastal Erosion
- Increase in Freeze-Thaw Cycles

#### **Precipitation Changes**

- Increases in Storm Frequencies and Intensities
  - Combined Effect on Glacial Run-Off and Ice Break-Up
    - Stream migration and debris effects
  - Possible Contributing Effect on Permafrost Thawing



### **Permafrost Problems**









# Longitudinal Shoulder Cracking



### **Thaw Settlement**



# **Ice-Rich Permafrost Thawing**





### Ice-Rich Permafrost Thawing

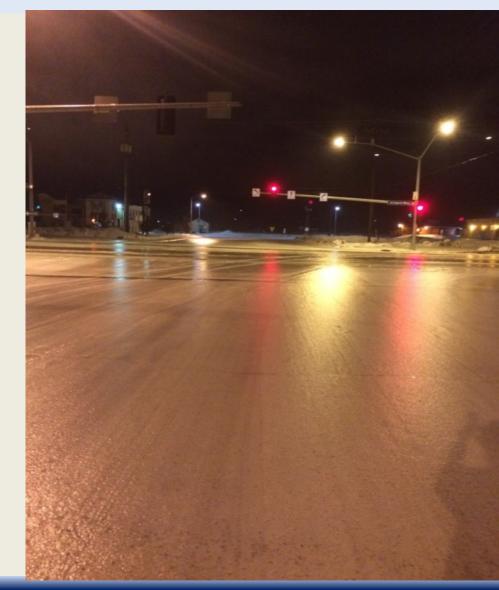


### The Blob



# Recurring Ice Storms





### Winter Maintenance Technologies

- 64 RWIS Installations
- Expanding Highway Anti-icing Program
  - 11 New Enhanced Salt Brine Units
- Airport De-icing
  - Urea and E36
- Six Tow Plows
- Smart Snowplows
- Automated Bridge De-icing System (E36)
- Telematics
- Mobile Weather Detection System
- Alaska Specific MDSS



### Winter Maintenance Technologies



- Need for ice breaking technology
  - Raiko Icebreaker
  - Ultramech Arctic Shark
  - Alaska Made



# Ice Breaking Technology









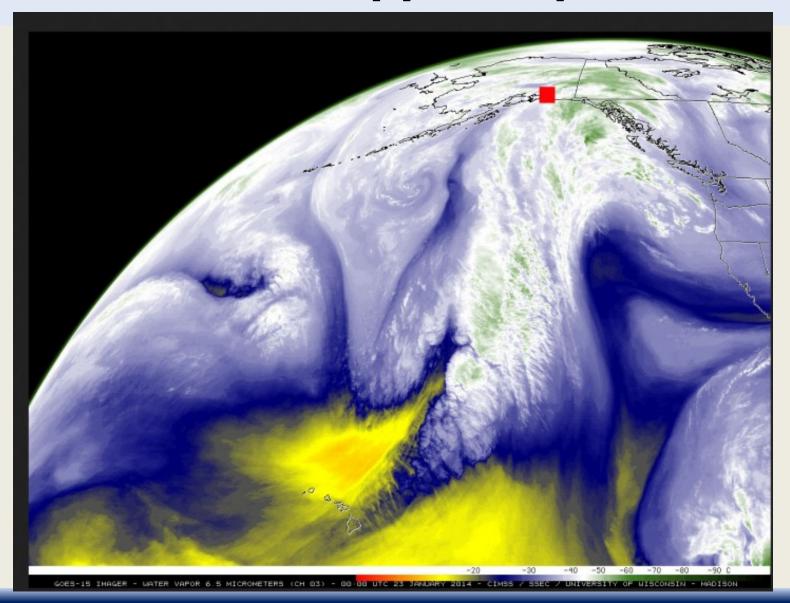








## 2014 Pineapple Express





#### The Winter that Wasn't

- While the Central and Eastern US experienced the most severe winter in the past decade or two, Alaska experienced a relatively mild winter that was especially notable for the unusually warm January
- Ridge of high pressure off the Pacific Coast pushed warm air and rainstorms to Alaska instead of California (where they belong!)
- January 2014 was the warmest winter in Alaska's history with temperatures as much as 40°F above normal
- The all-time warmest January temperature ever observed in Alaska was tied on January 27 when the temperature peaked at 62°F at Port Alsworth / Lake Clark. Nome, Denali Park Headquarters, Palmer, Homer, Alyseka, Seward, Talkeetna, and Kotzebue all set January records





## Setting the Stage

- 18 day long weather system / avalanche problems
- At Thompson Pass 80" of snowfall Jan 1<sup>st</sup> 23<sup>rd</sup> (250" Nov 11 to end of Jan)
- At 4000' an estimated 5' accumulated between 1/14<sup>th</sup> – 17<sup>th</sup> over cold, dry, low density 1/13<sup>th</sup> snow
- The huge avalanche was conditioned by three consecutive days of record high or record high minimum temperatures and then triggered by days of record anomalous rainfall
- Between Jan 21 and 25, 6 to 12 inches of rain fell

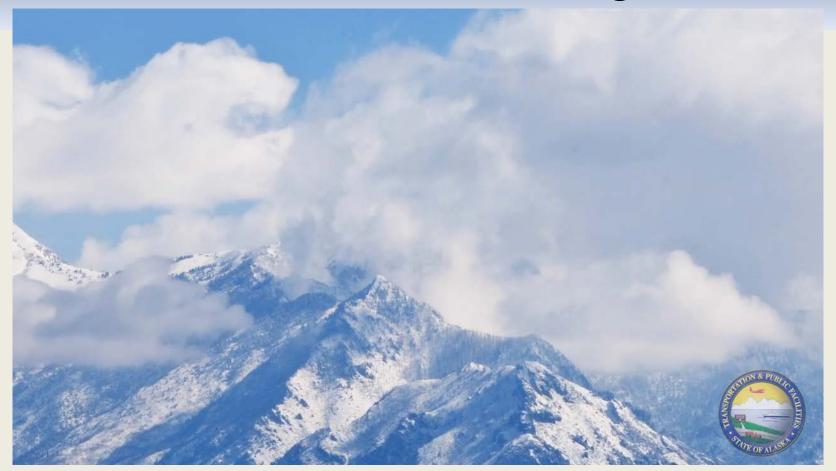






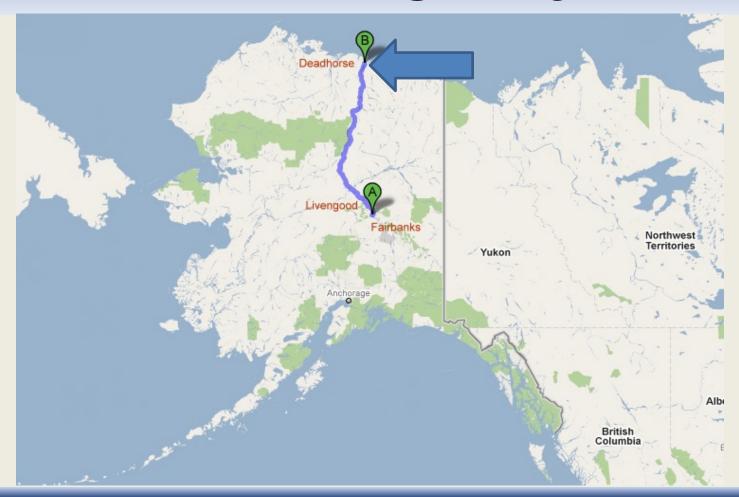


# **Video Summary**





# 2015 Dalton Highway Flood









#### The Flood - Cause and Effect

#### Hydrology

- Heavy rain events in the Brooks Range - Fall 2014
- Sag River frozen all the way to the bottom
- Water pushed to surface, expanded beyond typical flood plain
- "A perfect sequence of snowfall, temperatures and winds lined up to create a massive sheet of ice that expanded for miles"

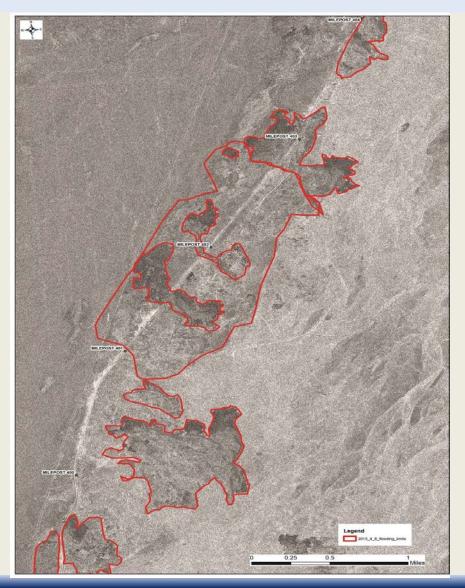








### Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR) Images













## Flood Video









#### **Dalton Disaster**

- Unified Incident Command
  - ADOTPF IC
  - ConocoPhillips
  - BP
  - ExxonMobil
  - Alyeska
  - North Slope Borough





# Fuel/Supply Haul Across Tundra











































# Rolling.... June 5, 2015 James W. Highwa DRIVE WITH LIGHTS BUCKL UP-FO SAFET WSHEMA Conference 2015

## Welcome to Alaska

