

# Performance Measures Presented to Agency Leadership

- In beginning steps of setting up performance measures
- Starting to analyze which pavements preservation performance measures are appropriate for NDDOT



# Pavement Preservation Program Size and Treatments

## 2015 State and Federal Program (Contracted Work)

Treatment	State Funds Only	Federal Funds with State Match
Thin Lift Overlay	148 Miles	366 Miles
Microsurfacing	50 Miles	139 Miles
Chip Seal	0 Miles	529 Miles
Slurry Seal	0 Miles	84 Miles
CPR/DBR/Grind	0 Miles	178 Miles

## 2016 State and Federal Program (Tentative Contracted Work)

Treatment	State Funds Only	Federal Funds with State Match
Thin Lift Overlay	58 Miles	219 Miles
Microsurfacing	0 Miles	113 Miles
CPR/DBR/Grind	0 Miles	82 Miles

\*Chip Seals & Slurry Seals:

\$7 Million State Funds Only in Oil Districts

\$10 Million Federal Funds with State Match in Non-Oil Districts



# Pavement Preservation Program Size and Treatments (cont.)

2015 State and Federal Program (State Forces)

Need for 2015				
District	Asphalt/ Composite Roadway Miles	Depressed Crack Sealed with Minimac (Lane Miles)	CQS-1HP Emulsion Oil (Gallons)	Type II Aggregate (Tons)
Bismarck	1241	20.0	6,800	0.0
Valley City	807	86.0	12,000	400.0
Devils Lake	1070	136.0	20,400	680.0
Minot	1119	0.0	0	0.0
Dickinson	913	0.0	0	0.0
Grand Forks	806	0.0	0	0.0
Williston	964	54.0	16,200	540.0
Fargo	602	30.0	4,500	150.0
<b>Total</b>	<b>7522</b>	<b>326.0</b>	<b>59,900</b>	<b>1,770.0</b>

- 2016 Forecasts to be comparable to 2015 State Forces



# Guidance Documents For Pavement Preservation Treatment

- Guidelines are outlined in our Maintenance Operations Manual.

Classification	Desired Chip Seal Cycle (Years)*	Depressed Cracks, Repair if IRI**	Asphalt Repair	Crack Pouring Crack Sealing	Desired Thin Lift Overlay/Micro Surfacing Cycle***	DBR, CPR, & Grinding
Rural Interstate	7	>110	Inspect and schedule each Spring. Repair as needed.	Follow crack pouring/sealing policy	8 – 12 years	Inspect and schedule each Spring. Repair as needed.
Interregional System	7	>110			8 – 12 years	
State Corridor	7	>120			10 – 15 years	
District Collector	7+	>140			10 – 15 years	
District Corridor	7+	>140			10-15 years	

\* Initial seal coat placed 2-3 years after overlay or reconstruction. Other surface treatments may be used.

\*\*IRI = International Roughness Index. Excellent: <= 60; Good: 61-99; Fair: 100-145; Poor > 145

\*\*\*Spot patches repaired yearly with HBP or microsurfacing and placed with paving equipment or the minimac. Cold Mix will be used for reactionary repairs only.



# Highest ADT for Preservation Treatment

- Currently no ADT requirements for NDDOT pavement preservation treatments



# Successful and Problematic Pavement Preservation Treatments

## Greatest Success:

- Chip Seal Coats & Spray Patching work best
- Scotch Patching
- Micro Surfacing
- Slurry Sealing
- Crack Sealing
- Texas Under Seal (finishing construction fall 2015)

## Problems:

- Can't keep up with treatments (lack of funding)



# Frequency of Pavement Preservation Training

- Spring Academy covers pavement preservation
  - Classroom training
  - Field training
- NDDOT Maintenance Conference
- Central Office attends various webinars/conferences discussing pavement preservation throughout the year
- North Dakota Asphalt Conference



# Pavement Condition Measures Currently Used

	<b>IRI</b>	<b>Distress</b>	<b>Rut</b>
<b>Excellent</b>	0 to 60	98 to 99	0.00 to 0.24
<b>Good</b>	61 to 99	88 to 97	0.25 to 0.37
<b>Fair</b>	100 to 145	77 to 87	0.38 to 0.50
<b>Poor</b>	> 145	< 77	> 0.50

Also track:

- Faulting
- Individual Distresses:

Asphalt Pavements:

- Transverse Cracking
- Longitudinal Cracking
- Alligator Cracking
- Block Cracking
- Bleeding
- Raveling/Weathering
- Bituminous Patching

Rigid Pavements:

- Transverse Cracking
- Transverse Crack Spalling
- Longitudinal Cracking
- Longitudinal Joint Spalling
- D Cracking
- Corner Breaks
- Bituminous Patching
- Concrete Patch Deterioration

