

National Performance Measures for Bridge Needs

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON BRIDGES AND STRUCTURES

Task Force on National Performance Measures and Reporting For Highway Bridges

Paul Cortez, Wyoming Matt Farrar, Idaho Gregg Freeby, Texas Bert Hartman, Oregon Dave Juntunen, Michigan Myint Lwin, FHWA Dawn Mach, Oregon Barton Newton, California Keith Ramsey, Texas







MAP-21 Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century

- No more than 10% of the total bridge deck area in a State on the National Highway System can be classified as structurally deficient for a period of 3 years without a penalty being imposed. Title 23, U.S.C. §1119(f)(2)(A)
- States must maintain the highway infrastructure asset system in a state of good repair. Title 23, U.S.C. §1119(b)(2)



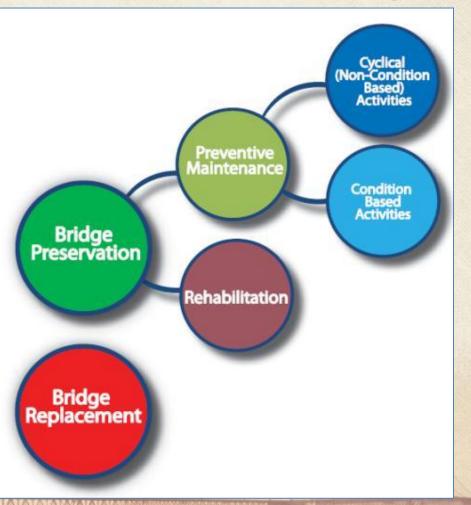
FOUNDATIONAL OBJECTIVES ESTABLISHED

- Use NBI data initially, prepare for adaptation to National Bridge Elements
- Productive communication: Poor bridges or poor pavement?
- SMART (Specific, measurable, attainable, realistic, timely)
- KISS (Keep it short and simple)
- National measure, State targets
- Reliable, transparent and understandable
- Retain preservation and maintenance as high priorities
- Consider deck area and number of structures
- Include all structures, not only those on NHS

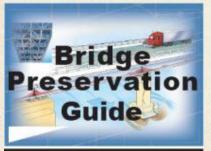
States need flexibility to retain their existing measures!



Second Performance Measure Based Upon Bridge Preservation



Bridge Action Categories (Courtesy; FHWA Bridge Preservation Guide http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/bridge/ preservation/guide/guide.pdf)



Maintaining a State of Good Repair Using Cost Effective Investment Strategies





Second Performance Measure CM PM RR

Cyclic Maintenance Needs (Includes Routine Maintenance) NBI 7 – 9 Preventive Maintenance Needs (Includes Minor Rehab) NBI 5-6

Replacement or Rehab Needs (Includes Major Rehab) NBI 0-4



CM - Cyclic Maintenance

NBI 7-9

Bridge Washing
Deck Sealing
Cleaning debris from expansion joints



Michigan Department of Transportation BRIDGE DEVELOPMENT

PM - Preventive Maintenance (Condition Based)

NB 5-

- Deck Patching
- Rigid Overlays
- Bridge Painting
- Substructure Patching



Michigan Department of Transportation BRIDGE DEVELOPMENT

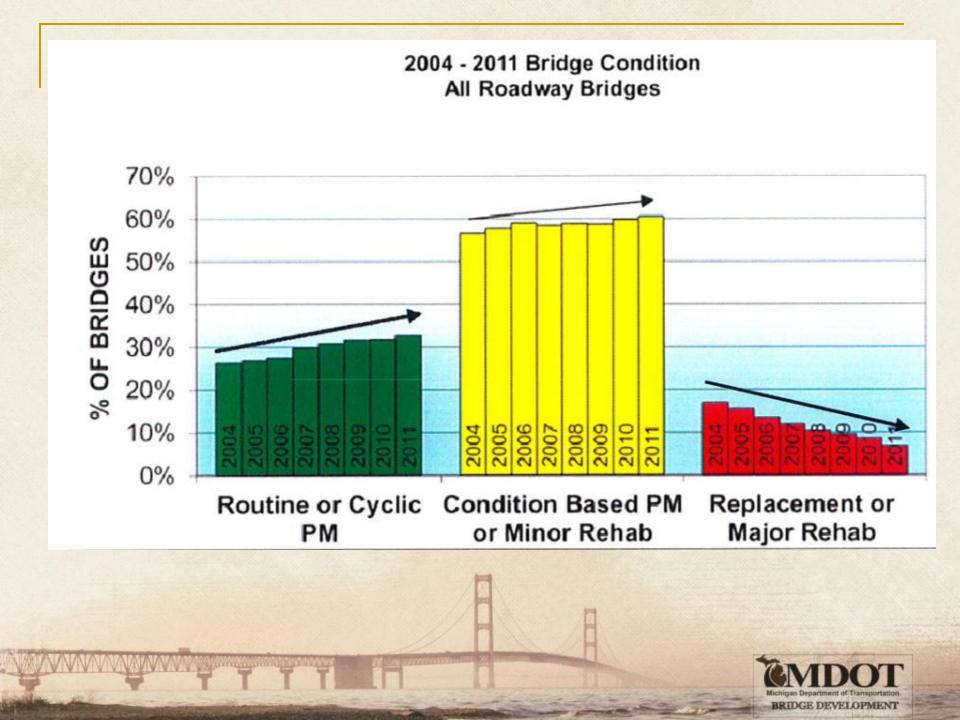
RR – Major Rehabilitation and Replacement

NBI

- Deck Replacement
- Superstructure
 Replacement
- Bridge
 Replacement



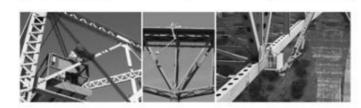




National Bridge Elements

Manual for Bridge Element Inspection

First Edition, 2013









3.7.1-Element 300-Strip Seal Expansion Joint

Description: Those expansion joint devices which utilize a neoprene type waterproof gland with some type of metal extrusion or other system to anchor the gland.

Units of Measurement: ft

Quantity Calculation: Sum of all the lengths of the joint measured along the skew angle.

Condition State Definitions

Classification: BME

	Condition States			
Defects	1	2	3	4
	GOOD	FAIR	POOR	SEVERE
Leakage (2310)	None.	Minimal. Minor dripping through the joint.	Moderate. More than a drip and less than free flow of water.	Free flow of water through the joint.
Seal Adhesion (2320)	Fully adhered.	Adhered for more than 50% of the joint height.	Adhered 50% or less of joint height but still some adhesion.	Complete loss of adhesion.
Seal Damage (2330)	None.	Seal abrasion without punctures.	Punctured or ripped or partially pulled out.	Punctured completely through, pulled out, or missing
Seal Cracking (2340)	None.	Surface crack.	Crack that partially penetrates the seal.	Crack that fully penetrates the seal.
Debris Impaction (2350)	No debris to a shallow cover of loose debris may be evident but does not affect the performance of the joint.	Partially filled with hard-packed material but still allowing free movement.	Completely filled and impacts joint movement.	Completely filled and prevents joint movement.
Adjacent Deck or Header (2360)	Sound. No spall, delamination, or unsound patch.	Edge delamination or spall 1 in. or less deep or 6 in. or less in diameter. No exposed rebar. Patched area that is sound.	Spall greater than 1 m. deep or greater than 6 m. diameter. Exposed rebar. Delamination or unsound patched area that makes the joint loose.	Spall, delamination, unsound patched area, o loose joint anchor that prevents the joint from functioning as intended.
Metal Deterioration or Damage (2370)	None.	Freckled rust; metal has no cracks, or impact damage. Connection may be loose but functioning as intended.	Section loss, missing or broken fasteners, cracking of the metal, or impact damage but joint still functioning.	Metal cracking section loss, damage, or connection failure that prevents the joint from functioning as intended.



Ultimate Goal – Maintain Bridges in a "State of Good Repair"

