HMA & WMA Technologies

Kent R. Hansen, P.E. Director of Engineering National Asphalt Pavement Association



www.store.asphaltpavement.org

N.D. Information Series 135 **Thin Asphalt Overlays for Pavement Preservation**

 Pavement evaluation and project selection
 Materials and Mix Design
 Construction & Quality Control
 Performance





U.S. Department of Transportation



Federal Highway NATION Administration PAVEMENT

NATIONAL ASPHALT PAVEMENT ASSOCIATION

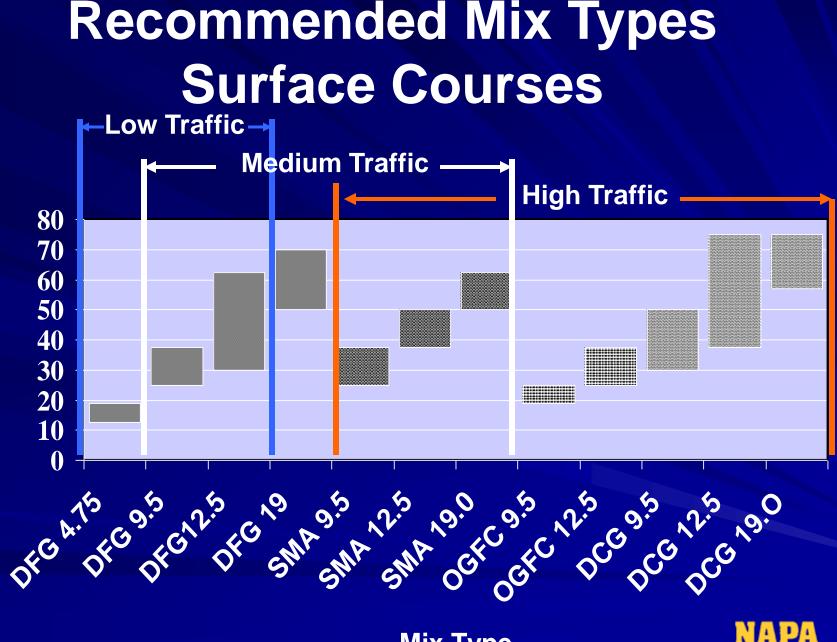
HMA Pavement Mix Type Selection Guide

Information Series 128









Min Lift Thick Range, mm

Mix Type







Results of Long-Term Pavement Performance SPS-3 Analysis: Preventive Maintenance of Flexible

Pavements

FHWA Publication No.: FHWA-HRT-11-049

FHWA Contact: Larry Wiser, HRDI-30, (202) 493-3079, larry.wiser@dot.gov



Recycling RAP & RAS







Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement in Asphalt Mixtures: State of the Practice

PUBLICATION NO. FHWA-HRT-11-021

APRIL 2011

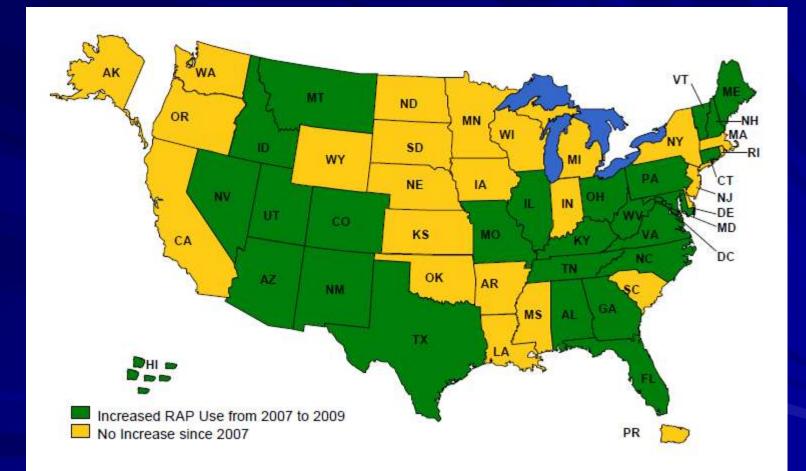


Federal Highway Administration

Research, Development, and Technology Turner-Fairbank Highway Research Center 6300 Georgetown Pike McLean, VA 22101-2296

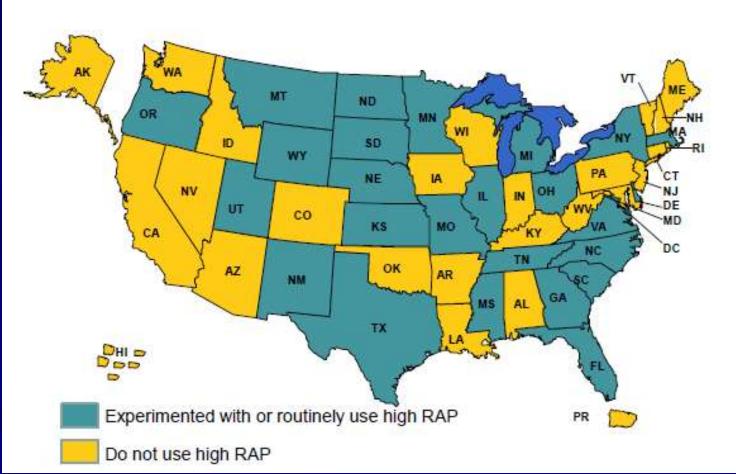


States increasing RAP use





States that have experimented with or routinely use high RAP mixtures





High RAP Performance

The performance and life of pavement containing up to 30 percent RAP is similar to virgin pavements with no RAP.
 A survey of LTPP sections containing at least 30 percent RAP showed similar performance to virgin sections.





The Value of Milling



- Removes cracked and aged pavement surface
- Improves pavement smoothness
- Maintains curb height, drainage inlets, and bridge clearances
- Improves bond with overlay

Ref: Randy West, NCAT 3/30/2010

Quality Improvement Series 124



Designing HMA Mixtures with High RAP Content

A Practical Guide





U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration



Information Series 123



Recycling Hot-Mix Asphalt Pavements

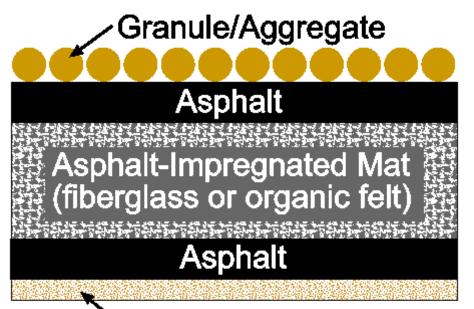






RAS

Why use asphalt shingles in asphalt pavement?



All materials commonly used in asphalt pavements

Fine Mineral Surfacing



Sources

Manufactures' waste Limited ~1 MT annual Not in every state Tear-offs – ~10 MT annual - Everywhere? State regulations Processors



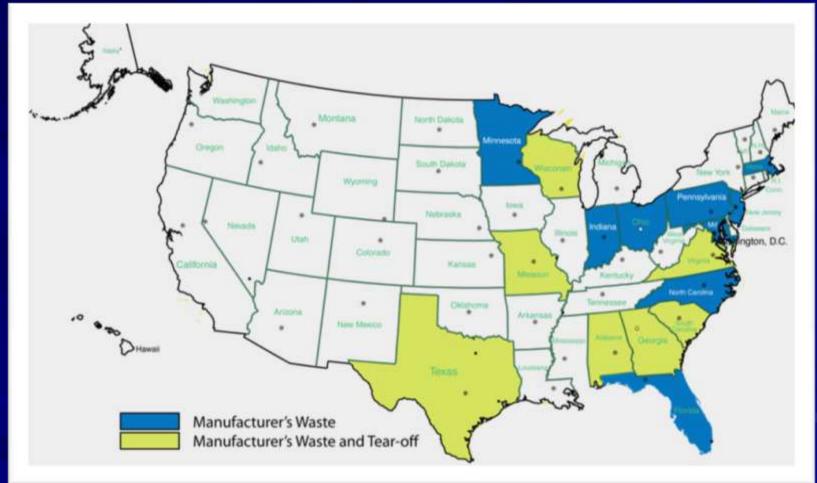
Approximate Location of Fiberglass & Ogranic Shingle Manufacturing Facilities

Ref:Economic Impact Analysis of the Proposed Asphalt Roofing and Processing NESHAP, Final Report, USEPA, July 2001n

Recycling Asphalt Shingles into Asphalt Pavements Kent R. Hansen, P.E.



States Allowing RAS in Asphalt Mixes





08/26/2009

Pooled Fund Study

 TPF-5(213) Performance of Recycled Asphalt Shingles in Hot Mix Asphalt
 Sponsoring Agency – Missouri DOT
 Partners – CA, CO, IA, IN, MN, MO
 <u>http://www.pooledfund.org/projectdetails.a</u> <u>sp?id=441&status=4</u>



RAS Summary

Shingles are too valuable to throw away.
 Use manufacturers' waste if available
 Tear-offs

 Work with roofers to get clean material.
 Work with local agencies on sampling plan

 Performance

 Improved rutting resistance

- Improved rutting resistance
- Reduced temperature susceptibility
- Minimum affect on cold temperature properties

RAS Summary (cont)

Mix AC Content

- Will reduce the amount of new asphalt required - Total asphalt contents often higher (0.2-0.4%) Plant production - Similar to RAP Mix design - Similar to RAP Construction Use conventional equipment Some contractors report easier density

> Recycling Asphalt Shingles into Asphalt Pavements Kent R. Hansen, P.E.



Information Series 136

NAPA NATIONAL ASPHALT PAVEMENT ASSOCIATION

Guidelines for the Use of Reclaimed Asphalt Shingles in Asphalt Pavements



The 5th Asphalt Shingle Recycling Forum

October 27-28, 2011 Dallas, TX

CLICK HERE for more information.



www.morerap.us





What is WMA?

Allows a reduction in the temperatures at which asphalt mixes are produced and placed.





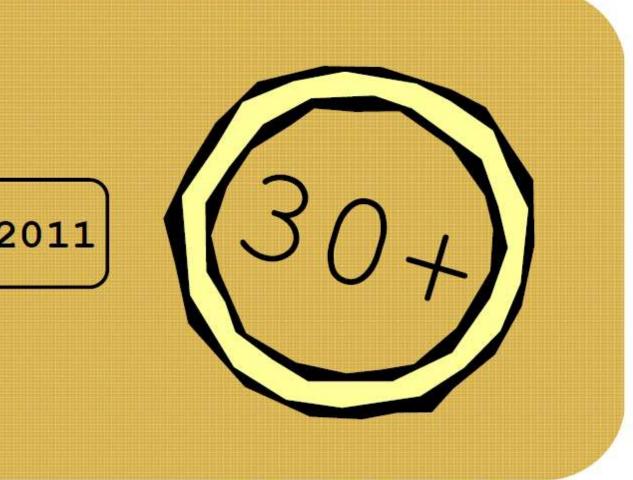
WMA Technologies Available in U.S.





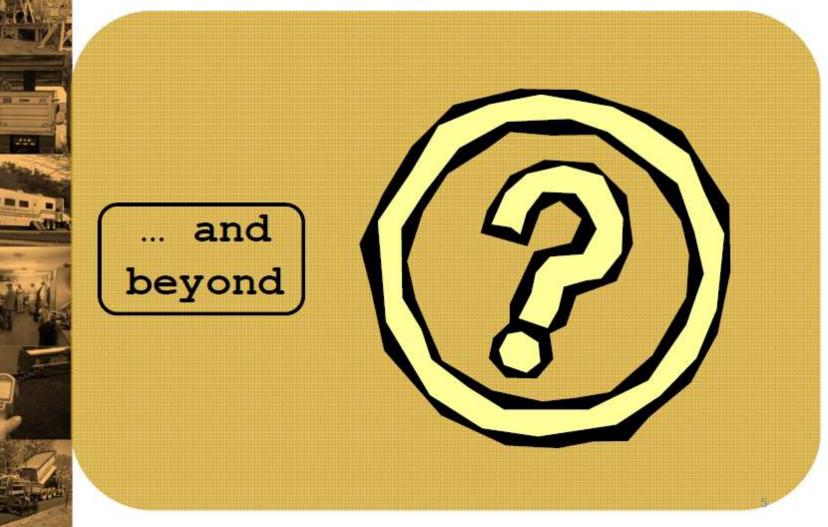
WMA Technologies Available in U.S.





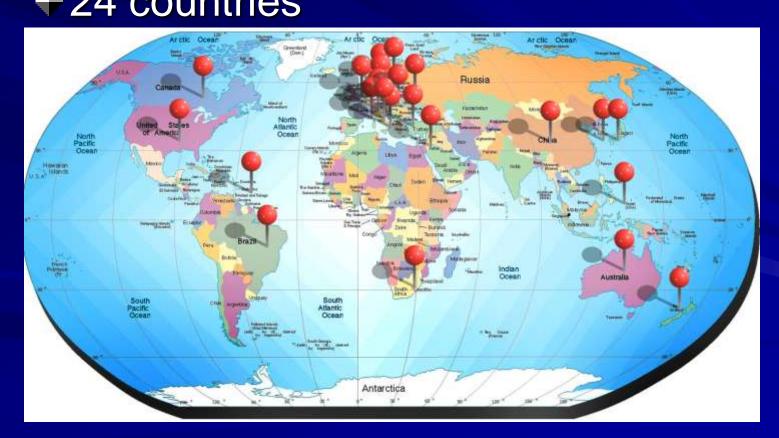


WMA Technologies Available in U.S.



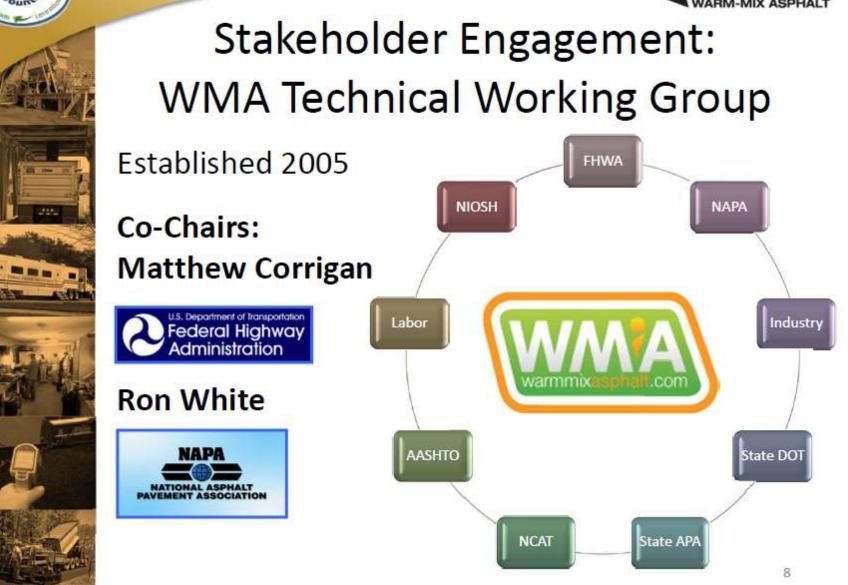
2nd International WMA Conference

550 persons24 countries

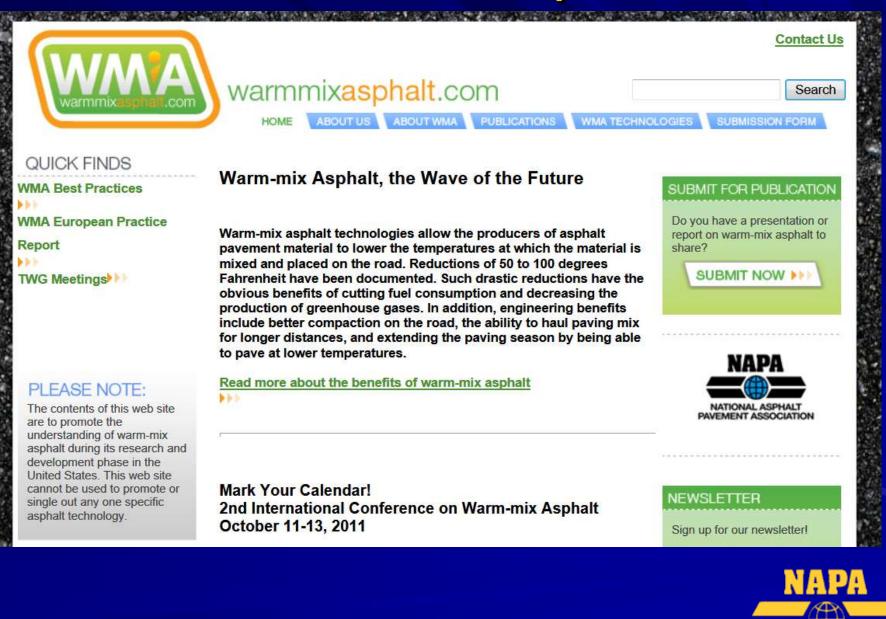








Warm-Mix Asphalt





The Every Day Counts Initiative

INGENUTY IMAGINATION

INVENTION INNOVATION

Accelerating Technology Deployment



Warm Mix Asphalt (WMA)

WARM-MIX ASPHAL

www.fhwa.dot.gov/everydaycounts





- By December 2011, 40 State DOTs and all Federal Lands Divisions will have a specification &/or contractual language that allows WMA on Federal-aid or Federal Lands projects.
- 2. By December 2012, at least 30 State DOTs will have achieved set targets for WMA usage.



Information Series 134



Quality Improvement Publication 125 2nd Edition



Warm-Mix Asphalt: Best Practices







Warm-Mix Asphalt: Contractors' Experiences

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Course Number:

FHWA-NHI-131137



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Course Description

Print Friendly Page 🛴

Special Mixture Design Considerations and Methods for Warm Mix Asphalt
- WEB-BASED

| PROGRAM AREA: | Pavements an | d Material | S |
|-----------------|--------------|------------|---------------------|
| COURSE NUMBER | FHWA-NHI- | 131137 | |
| CALENDAR YEAR | LENGTH | CEU | FEE |
| 2011 | 2 Hours | 0 Units | \$0 Per Participant |
| 2012 | 2 Hours | 0 Units | \$0 Per Participant |
| TRAINING LEVEL: | Basic | | |

CLASS SIZE: Minimum:1; Maximum:1

DESCRIPTION:

Highway transportation agencies are exploring the use of warm mix asphalt (WMA) for pavement projects. One of their main questions, particularly for agency mixture design technicians and engineers, is how WMA design differs from hot mix asphalt (HMA) design. "Mixture Design for Warm Mix Asphalt" is a Web-based training that presents the modifications to the current Superpave volumetric design procedure, as described in AASHTO R35, that are needed to complete a WMA mixture design. The training highlights key differences in WMA and HMA design procedures, and provides an opportunity to apply the AASHTO R35 standard practice to a WMA design modification.

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, participants will be able to:

RAP/RAS/WMA Survey RAP

| | Total Estimated Tons Million | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|
| Year | 2009 | 2010 |
| Tons Accepted | 67.2 | 73.5 |
| Tons use in HMA/WMA | 56.1 | 62.1 |
| Tons used in Aggregate | 6.2 | 7.3 |
| Tons used in Cold Mix | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| Tons used in Other | 0.7 | 0.8 |
| Tons Landfilled | 0.1 | 0.004 |
| Avg. RAP % | 16.2 | 18.0 |



RAP/RAS/WMA Survey RAS

| | Total Estimated Tons | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|-------|--|
| | Thousand | | |
| | 2009 | 2010 | |
| Companies/branches reporting | 44 | 61 | |
| using RAS | | | |
| Tons Accepted | 957 | 1,851 | |
| Tons use in HMA/WMA | 701 | 1,099 | |
| Tons used in Aggregate | 8 | 3 | |
| Tons used in Cold Mix | - / | - | |
| Tons used in Other | 123 | 124 | |
| Tons Landfilled | - | 6 | |

57% increase



RAP/RAS/WMA Survey WMA

| | Estimated Total Tons, | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|------|
| | million | |
| | 2009 | 2010 |
| Companies/branches reporting | 85 | 121 |
| using WMA | | |
| DOT | 10.7 | 25.8 |
| Other Agency | 3.7 | 10.1 |
| Commercial & Residential | 4.8 | 11.7 |
| Total | 19.2 | 47.6 |

Percent increase = 148%







RAP/RAS/WMA Survey WMA

| | Estimated Total Tons, | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|------|
| | million | |
| | 2009 | 2010 |
| Companies/branches reporting | 85 | 121 |
| using WMA | | |
| DOT | 10.7 | 25.8 |
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