STRUCTURAL EVALUATION & TREATMENT SELECTION FOR LOCAL ROADS

Nick Jones Local Technical Assistance Program Utah State University

SO YOU THINK YOU HAVE A DIFFICULT INTERSECTION ?













THE CONDITION OF YOUR ROADS SHOWS HOW EFFECTIVELY YOUR GOVERNMENT IS RUNNING

Pavement Preservation

Why?

- To obtain the longest possible serviceable life at the lowest possible cost.
- To know how many dollars it will take to maintain a roadway system at a desirable condition level.
- To provide motoring public with safe roads.

HOW MUCH IS YOUR ROAD SYSTEM WORTH ?

- TYPICALLY URBAN ROADS ARE WORTH \$3.33 MILLION PER MILE.
- IF YOU HAVE 200 MILES OF ROAD THE CAPITAL VALUE IS \$666 MILLION.
- PROBABLY WORTH MORE THAN EVERYTHING ELSE YOU OWN.
- AREYOU RUNNING IT LIKE A \$666 MILLION BUSINESS?

History of Pavement Management



 Historically only two criteria existed when deciding which roads received maintenance or rehabilitation.





KEEPYOUR GOOD ROADS GOOD

DOTHESE FIRST

DOTHESE LAST



Pavement Preservation

Preserve vs. Reconstruct (worst first)

- Years of pavement condition data show it is more economical to preserve roads than to delay repairs and reconstruct roads.
- Studies also show as traffic levels increases, the costs of delaying repair work increase significantly.
- Repairing the worst roads first is a very expensive way to operate a highway system.

The Cost of Pavement Deterioration



Time or Service Life

Treatment Rules



NHI Course 131104: Pavement Preservation - 4 2-14

COST OF PAVEMENT TREATMENTS AND ADDED YEARS OF LIFE

Treatment Type	Maintenance Category	Corre (Correl)	Remaining Service Life Categories (years)							
		Cost (SqYd)	0	1-3	4-6	7-9'	10-12	13-15	16-18	19-21
Crack Seal	Routine	\$0.30	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	2
Digout and Hot Patch	Routine	\$0.45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fog Coat	Routine	\$0.45	0	0	0	1	1	Z	2	2
High Mineral Asphalt Emulsion	Seal Coats	\$1.20	0	0	0	1	2	3	5	5
Sand Seal	Seal Coats	\$0.65	0	0	0	1	2	2	2	2
Scrub Seal	Seal Coats	\$1.00	0	1	3	4	5	5	5	5
Single Chip Seal	Seal Coats	\$1.30	0	1	3	4	5	5	5	5
Slurry Seal	Seal Coats	\$1.75	0	1	3	4	5	5	5	5
Microsurfacing	Seal Coats	\$2.40	0	2	3	4	7	7	7	7
Bonded Wearing Course	Rehabilitation	\$6.00	0	3	4	5	7	7	7	7
Cold In-place Recycling (2 in with chip seal)	Rehabilitation	\$5.00	0	3	4	5	6	7	7	7
Thin Hot Mix Overlay (<2 in)	Rehabilitation	\$6.75	0	4	6	7	7	7	7	7
HMA (leveling) & Overlay (<2 in.)	Rehabilitation	\$7.50	0	4	6	8	8	8	8	8
Hot Surface Recycling	Rehabilitation	\$5.00	0	3	5	7	8	8	8	8
Rotomill & Overlay (<2 in)	Rehabilitation	\$8.40	0	4	7	8	8	8	8	8
Cold In-place Recycling (2/2 in.)	Reconstruction	\$10.30	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Thick Overlay (3 in.)	Reconstruction	\$10.00	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Rotomill & Thick Overlay (3 in.)	Reconstruction	\$11.00	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Base Repair/Pavement Replacement	Reconstruction	\$12.00	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Cold Recycling & Overlay (3/3 in.)	Reconstruction	\$11.15	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Full Depth Reclamation& Overlay (3/3 in.)	Reconstruction	\$13.25	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Base/Pavement Replacement (3/3/6 in.)	Reconstruction	\$19.00	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20

*Fit the current RSL into the RSL category along the top row and then move downward to the applied treatment to find the additional RSL that will be achieved from the selected treatment. (2/2 in.) Means 2" overlay with 2" recycle (3/3/6) Means 3" HMA over 3" Road Base over 6" Base

Remaining Service Life (RSL) Distribution

2008-current

2015-no maintenance





Remaining Service Life (RSL) Distribution

2015 – Recommended maintenance strategy of \$1.1 million per year. This strategy maintains most streets at a high level of serviceability while limiting only 7% that need reconstruction.



Pavement Deterioration---Causes

The environment

- Sunshine (ultraviolet rays)
 - Oxidation
- Water penetration
 - Hydraulic action
- Temperature and moisture
 - Expansion and contraction (freeze / thaw)





Pavement Deterioration-

Causes Traffic Loading







Pavement Deterioration---Causes





Preventive Maintenance Objectives

> Prevent or address pavement functional deficiencies
> Slow the rate of deterioration



Preservation - 4 3-22



Characterization of distress by

- Type
- Severity
- Extent

Distress Identification Manual



Pavement Deterioration from Bad to Worse



Pavement Deterioration from Worse











Rating Criteria









¢ł.

i







Rutting							
Excellent	Low	Med	High				
0	<3/8*	1/2 3/4	>3/4"				

Fatigue / Map Cracking



FATIGUE CRACKING





Longitudinal Cracking

4 - Whed Pith 45 - Dan - Wheelston

à

m





Transverse Cracking



Transverse Crack - Medium Severity





Block Cracking





Utility Cuts / Potholes

UTILITY CUTS

WOUND













Rutting							
Excellent	Low	High	Med				
0	<3/8"	>3/4"	1/2"-3/4"				

Sealed Cracks Properly sealed cracks are not rated as cracks.



Photo 4. Poor Surface Drainage



Photo 5. Failed Pavement RSL=0 years



Photo 6. Poor Pavement RSL=4 years



Photo 7. Fair Pavement RSL=8 years

Low to medium severity distress covers 10-30% of surface, some possible drainage issues; more preventative treatments necessary

Photo 8. Good Pavement RSL=12 years

Low severity distress covers less than 10% of surface; new or well maintained; more preventative treatments necessary

Photo 9. Excellent Pavement RSL=20 years

No visible distress; excellent surface drainage; new or well maintained; no current maintenance necessary

Remaining Service Life 0 years





Remaining Service Life 8 years

Preservation - 4 5-43

Preventive Maintenance The Treatments





Preventive Maintenance The Treatments

Fog Seal

- Diluted asphalt emulsion
- Protects against environmental impacts
- Prevents ravel

High Mineral Content Asphalt Emulsion. Protects from UV weathering





Pavement Correction

Requires extensive surface preparation
Plug patching and localized base repairs
Localized milling or grinding
Crack sealing









Preventive Maintenance The Treatments

Slurry Seal

- Includes asphalt emulsion, aggregate, latex fibers
- Protects asphalt surface against oxidation and ravel.
- Restores skid resistance, seals emerging cracks, improves appearance.



Preventive Maintenance The Treatments

Chip Seal

- Aggregate evenly spread and embedded onto emulsion
- Protects asphalt surface against oxidation and and ravel.
- Restores skid resistance, seals emerging cracks, improves appearance.



Preventive Maintenance The Treatments

Cape Seal

- Includes chip seal followed by a slurry seal.
- Protects asphalt surface against oxidation and and ravel.
- Restores skid resistance, seals emerging cracks, improves appearance.







Pavement Preservation The Treatments



Pavement Correction The Treatments

Chip Seal

 Single or double layer

- Cape Seal
- Thin Overlay







FLEXIBLE MICRO SURFACING



BONDED WEARING COURSE



FULL DEPTH RECLAMATION



COST OF PAVEMENT TREATMENTS AND ADDED YEARS OF LIFE

Treatment Type	Maintenance Category	Corre (Correl)	Remaining Service Life Categories (years)							
		Cost (SqYd)	0	1-3	4-6	7-9'	10-12	13-15	16-18	19-21
Crack Seal	Routine	\$0.30	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	2
Digout and Hot Patch	Routine	\$0.45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fog Coat	Routine	\$0.45	0	0	0	1	1	Z	2	2
High Mineral Asphalt Emulsion	Seal Coats	\$1.20	0	0	0	1	2	3	5	5
Sand Seal	Seal Coats	\$0.65	0	0	0	1	2	2	2	2
Scrub Seal	Seal Coats	\$1.00	0	1	3	4	5	5	5	5
Single Chip Seal	Seal Coats	\$1.30	0	1	3	4	5	5	5	5
Slurry Seal	Seal Coats	\$1.75	0	1	3	4	5	5	5	5
Microsurfacing	Seal Coats	\$2.40	0	2	3	4	7	7	7	7
Bonded Wearing Course	Rehabilitation	\$6.00	0	3	4	5	7	7	7	7
Cold In-place Recycling (2 in with chip seal)	Rehabilitation	\$5.00	0	3	4	5	6	7	7	7
Thin Hot Mix Overlay (<2 in)	Rehabilitation	\$6.75	0	4	6	7	7	7	7	7
HMA (leveling) & Overlay (<2 in.)	Rehabilitation	\$7.50	0	4	6	8	8	8	8	8
Hot Surface Recycling	Rehabilitation	\$5.00	0	3	5	7	8	8	8	8
Rotomill & Overlay (<2 in)	Rehabilitation	\$8.40	0	4	7	8	8	8	8	8
Cold In-place Recycling (2/2 in.)	Reconstruction	\$10.30	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Thick Overlay (3 in.)	Reconstruction	\$10.00	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Rotomill & Thick Overlay (3 in.)	Reconstruction	\$11.00	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Base Repair/Pavement Replacement	Reconstruction	\$12.00	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Cold Recycling & Overlay (3/3 in.)	Reconstruction	\$11.15	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Full Depth Reclamation& Overlay (3/3 in.)	Reconstruction	\$13.25	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Base/Pavement Replacement (3/3/6 in.)	Reconstruction	\$19.00	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20

*Fit the current RSL into the RSL category along the top row and then move downward to the applied treatment to find the additional RSL that will be achieved from the selected treatment. (2/2 in.) Means 2" overlay with 2" recycle (3/3/6) Means 3" HMA over 3" Road Base over 6" Base



Pavement Evaluation Form

Edit Inventory Information		×
File Menu		
Segment Number 11001692	Distress Rating Sheet	
Road Name 12600 S	Fatigue (0-9)	
From Address 4105 W	Longitudinal (0-9)	
To Address PASTURE RD	Transverse (0-9)	
Number of Travel Lanes 2	Block (0-9)	
Road Width 91 ft	t Patching/Potholes 0 (0-9)	
Segment Length 419 ft	t Edge (0-9)	
Speed Limit 35 mph	Rutting (0-3)	
Surface Type Asphalt	Roughness 0 (0-3)	
Owner City	Drainage (0-3)	
Importance Medium-High	Inventory Date 10/11/2008	
Functional Classification Major Arterial	RSL 20	
District 1	Optimal Treatment No Maintenance	
Drainage Type Concrete Curb and G	aut 🔽	
AADT 0	RSL based Add New Distress Information	
Date Inventoried 10/11/2008	on Date	
Photo # 1956	Suggested Treatment No Maintenance	
Update Location Information		
View Picture	Enter Work Done	
Enter Comment	View History Exit	

Fatigue Severity



Shoulder

Benefits of a pavement preservation system:

- Updated records of pavement condition
- Track pavement performance
- Budget allocation

Track & Monitor Pavement Performance



Suggested Optimal Timing

- Fog seals, I to 3 years
- Crack seals, 2 to 4 years
- Chip seals, 5 to 7 years
- Slurry seals, 5 to 7 years
- Thin overlays, 5 to 10 years







