

## New Jersey Turnpike Authority Bridge Coating Assessment and Repainting Capital Program

Presented by: Mark Nyerges, PE

#### New Jersey Turnpike Authority







#### History of the New Jersey Turnpike Authority





- Opened in 1951
- First toll road in NJ
- 148 miles in length
- 28 interchanges
- Largest inventory of weathering steel (WS) bridges in the country





#### History of the New Jersey Turnpike Authority





### New Jersey Turnpike Authority Bridge Inventory

## Total Number of Major Bridges



8



11

<b>Number of Steel</b>	Major	Bridges
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Turnpike	NTURNIKE N	Parkway	PARKWAY
Painted Steel (Trusses, Tied Arch, G/F/S, or Plate Girders)	2	Painted Steel (G/F/S or Plate Girder)	4
Weathering Steel (G/F/S or Plate Girders)	3	Weathering Steel (G/F/S or Plate Girders)	1
Combination of Painted Steel (primary) and Weathering Steel (widenings)	3	Combination of Painted Steel (primary) and Weathering Steel (widenings)	1





#### New Jersey Turnpike Authority Bridge Inventory

#### **Total Number of Routine Bridges**





505

Number of Steel	<b>Routine Bridges</b>
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Turnpike	NTURNPIKE	Parkway	PARKWAY
Painted Steel (Rolled Beams or Plate Girders)	138	Painted Steel (Rolled Beams or Plate Girders)	319
Weathering Steel (Rolled Beams or Plate Girders)	317	Weathering Steel (Rolled Beams or Plate Girders)	32
Combination of Painted Steel (primary) and Weathering Steel (widenings)	62	Combination of Painted Steel (primary) and Weathering Steel (widenings)	





# GPI and New Jersey Turnpike Authority Working Together for Over 20 Years!



- Bridge Engineering
- Civil and Site Engineering
- Construction Management
- Protective Coatings
- Highway Engineering
- Traffic Engineering
- Environmental / Sustainability
- GIS / Asset Management
- Surveying / Mapping





















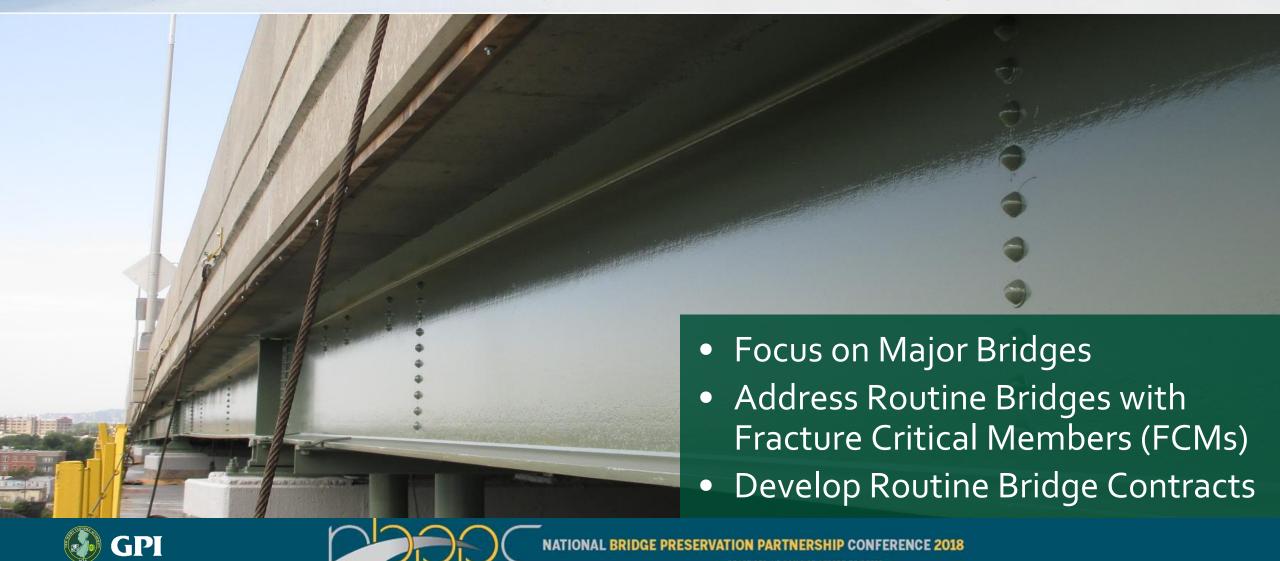


#### Program Overview - Major and Routine Bridges



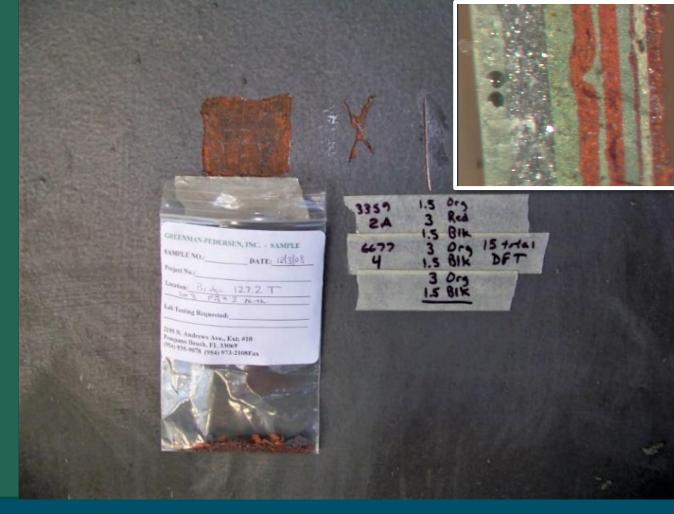


#### Program Overview - Major and Routine Bridges



#### Prioritization Process - Major Bridges

- Initially prioritized with latest Biennial Inspection Reports
- Performed field visits to identify:
  - Condition of existing coating system
  - Sample acquisition for testing
  - Extent / severity of corrosion
  - Containment requirements
  - Environmental / other constraints
  - Traffic impacts
  - Outside agency coordination
  - "Limited Access" areas





#### Prioritization Process - Major Bridges



#### • Results indicated:

- All had original coatings; latest overcoat>20 years old
- DFT was 15-30 mils with 6-8 coats of paint
- Generally poor condition
- Failing, brittle, poor adhesion (mill scale)
- Tested positive for heavy metals
- Areas of laminar corrosion present
- All WS members had laminar corrosion at ends (not painted)



#### Prioritization Process - Major Bridges

- Prioritization Decision Matrix
  - Utilized a Scoring System:
    - Corrosion ("Degree" x "Extent")
    - Deck Condition and Scheduled Reconstruction
    - MPT and Staging Complexity
    - Environmental and Containment Complexity
- Coordinated with Capital Program Needs and Award Schedules
- Formulated design options per SSPC Guidelines

#### **Prioritization Matrix Scoring System**

Total 8	Score Obtained by Factoring Two (2	) Conditions, Do	egree and Extent
<u>Degree</u>		<u>Extent</u>	
Score	<u>Description</u>	Multiplier	Description
1	Light Corrosion (Surface Only)	1	Isolated Locations
5	Moderate Corrosion	2	Widespread
10	Heavy Corrosion		

Item #2 - Deck Condition and Scheduled Reconstruction (maximum score of 13)

Total Score Obtained by Adding Two (2) Components, Deck Slab and Deck Joints

Deck Slab		Deck Joints	
Score	<u>Description</u>	Score	Description
10	Recently Replaced or Good Condition	0	Poor Condition
7	Redecking within 5 years	3	Good Condition
4	Redecking within 5 to Ten Years		
0	Redecking after Ten Years		





#### Prioritization Process - Routine Bridges



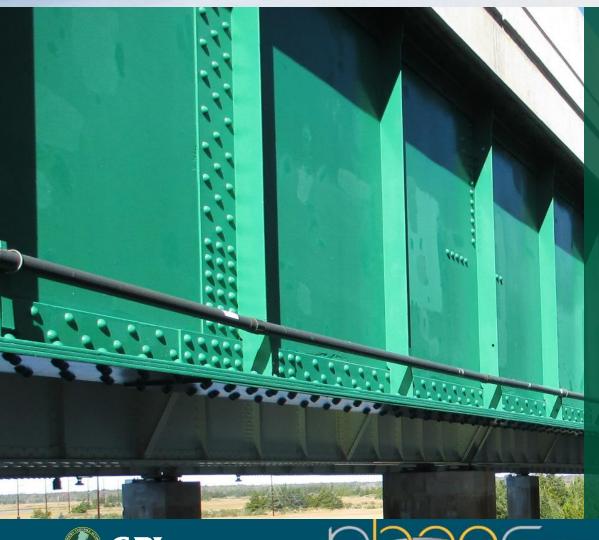
- Fracture Critical Members (FCMs)
  - Queried Authority's BMS to identify potential bridges
  - Predominantly WS box girder pier caps
  - One (1) previously painted G/F/S bridge







#### Prioritization Process - Routine Bridges



- Balance of Inventory
  - Utilized Authority's BMS Reporting
  - Quickly identified all bridges with "poor" or "fair" coatings (25% Turnpike; 35% Parkway)
  - Geographically sorted bridges
  - Further delineated lists by "North", "Central", and "South" regions
  - Coordinated MPT / access demands
- Performed same field assessments and coating system tests as Major Bridges
- Formulated design options per SSPC Guidelines



#### Coatings Alternatives - Approach

- Complete Removal and Replacement
  - Best for failed coatings / corrosion present
  - Not applicable to weathering steel
- Spot Repairs with a Full Overcoat
  - Common "Maintenance Painting" method
  - Can extend life of existing system
  - Lowest initial cost (relies on integrity)
  - Not applicable to weathering steel







#### Coatings Alternatives - Approach





#### Coatings Alternatives - Selected Approach



- Painted Bridges Complete Removal and Replacement
  - Existing number of coats / layers of paint with generally poor adhesion
  - Widespread presence of mill scale
  - All coatings contained heavy metals
- WS Bridges Zone Painting
  - Deterioration was generally localized at the beam ends only



#### Coatings Alternatives - Selected Approach



Removal of pack rust



#### Coatings Alternatives - System

- Traditional 3-Coat Z/E/U
  - NEPCOAT-approved
  - Standard for most Greater
    Northeast Region bridge agencies
- 2-Coat, High-Build Polyaspartic
  - NEPCOAT-approved
  - Fewer coats and faster dry times
  - Untested on similar bridge / environmental types for desired >15 years of exposure







#### Coatings Alternatives - System

- 2-Coat Epoxy Mastic
  - Popular due to environmental regulation compliance
  - Comparatively low cost per gallon
  - Agency testing revealed poor performance against chlorides
- Other (Calcium Sulfonate, Waterborne, and Acrylics)
  - Mostly utilized in chloride-free states
  - Systems are "soft" and susceptible to entrapping atmospheric dirt







#### Coatings Alternatives - Selected System



- Painted and WS Traditional 3-Coat Z/E/U System
  - NEPCOAT approved
  - Proven track record in Greater
    Northeast Region
- Special Provisions:
  - Penetrating sealer after prime
  - Stripe Coat after prime and seal
  - Caulking before finish
  - Two full intermediate coats on WS



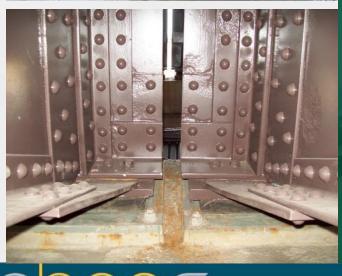


#### Project Status - Major Bridges









- Five (5) bridges completed by four (4) Repainting-Specific Contracts
- Four (4) bridges completed by Rehab / Replacement Contracts
- Three (3) bridges to be completed by Rehab Contracts (under design)
- One (1) steel bridge <10 years old</li>
- One (1) steel bridge outstanding
- Total Painting-Related
  Construction Value >\$250M





#### Project Status - Routine Bridges



- All with FCMs repainted under a single Contract
  - Predominantly Zone Painting at box girder pier caps (17 bridges)
  - One (1) fully painted G/F/S bridge
- 18 highest priority Parkway bridges repainted by a single Contract
- Six (6) prioritized Contracts are planned (≈2 per year; 120 bridges)
- Total Painting-Related Construction Value >\$100M





Acknowledgements: William Wilson, PE - NJTA Christopher Farschon, PE - GPI

> Thank you! Questions?

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