Implementing Pavement Preservation

Pennsylvania Department of Transportation Bureau of Maintenance and Operations

Charles C. Goodhart, Director

August 28, 2012



Implementing Pavement Preservation

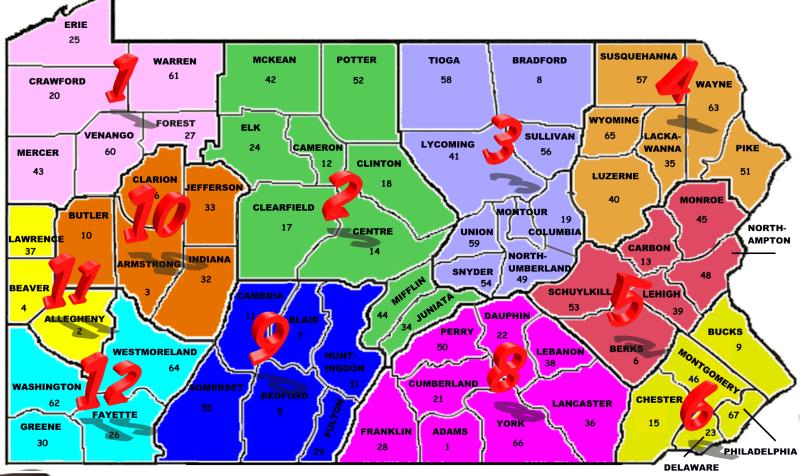
- PennDOT's Organization
- Relationship with Asset Management
- Pennsylvania's Roadway Network
- What is Pavement Preservation?
- Pavement Preservation at PennDOT
 - Treatments and Schedules
 - Measures of Effectiveness

Pennsylvania Department of Transportation

- PennDOT Organization
- Central / District Offices
- Bureau of Maintenance and Operations

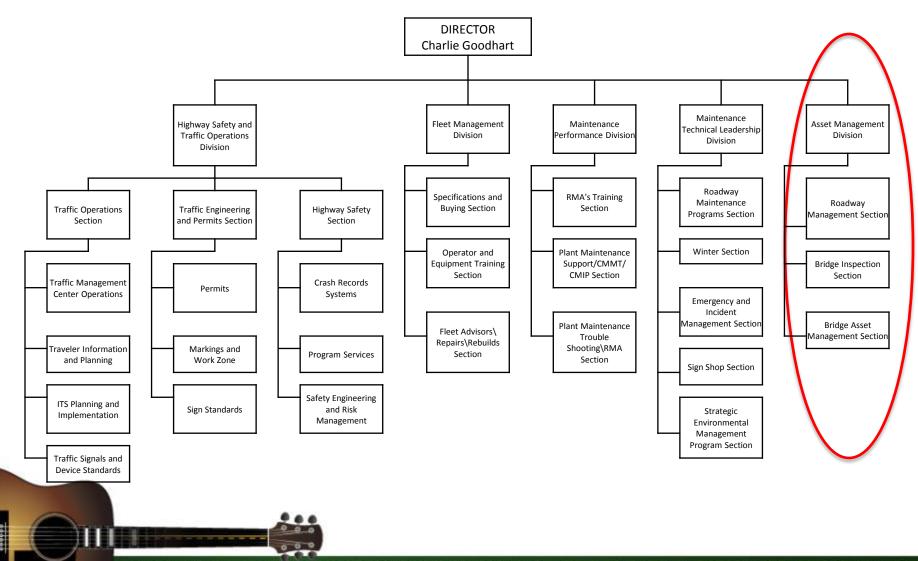


Pennsylvania Department of Transportation District Map



Pennsylvania Engineering Districts

Bureau of Maintenance and Operations



2012 NATIONAL PAVEMENT PRESERVATION CONFERENCE ROAD TRIP: DRIVING THE MESSAGE FOR CHANGE

Asset Management

- What is Asset Management?
 - Strategic framework for managing transportation infrastructure, aligning resource allocation to maintain and/or improve the system to a specific level
 - Predictive, not reactive (making informed decisions)
 - Principals:
 - Policy Driven (Strategic)Performance

Based

Option Oriented
 Data Driven
 Transparent – Getting public's trust

Asset Management

- Why is Asset Management Important?
 - Large Customer Base Transportation User
 - Protecting Investment
 - Current needs far outweigh available resources; program must focus on preservation of existing system
 - Requirement of Federal ReAuthorization (MAP 21)
 "Risk Based Asset Management Plan"
 Funding requirements tied to Performance
 - Demonstrate best use of every dollar

- PennDOT is responsible for:
 > 40,000 miles of roads (5th for state-maintained miles)
 > 25,000 bridges
- Annual budget of more than \$6 billion in State and Federal Funds.
- Roughly 10,500 of PennDOT's 12,000 employees are engaged in maintenance, restoration and expansion of the highway system.

- Four Business Plan Networks (BPNs):
 - ➢Interstates
 - National Highway System (NHS) Non-Interstate
 - ≻Non-NHS (> 2,000 ADT)
 - ≻Non-NHS (< 2,000 ADT)
- > 226 million DVMT on State System



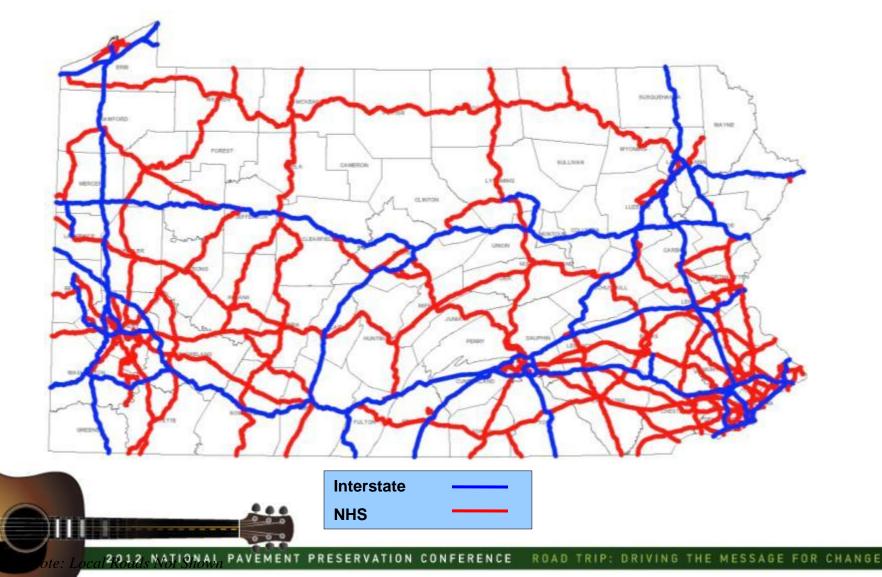
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Interstate

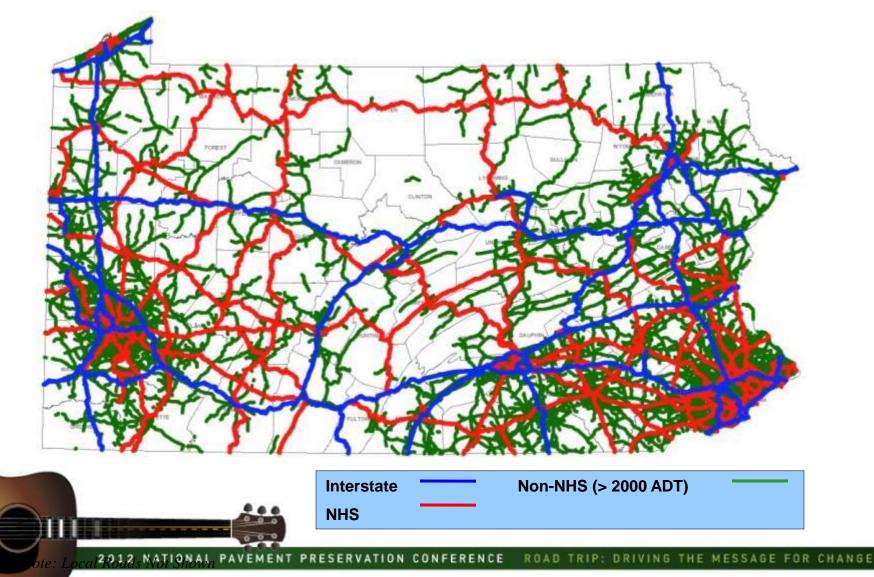


Interstate -----

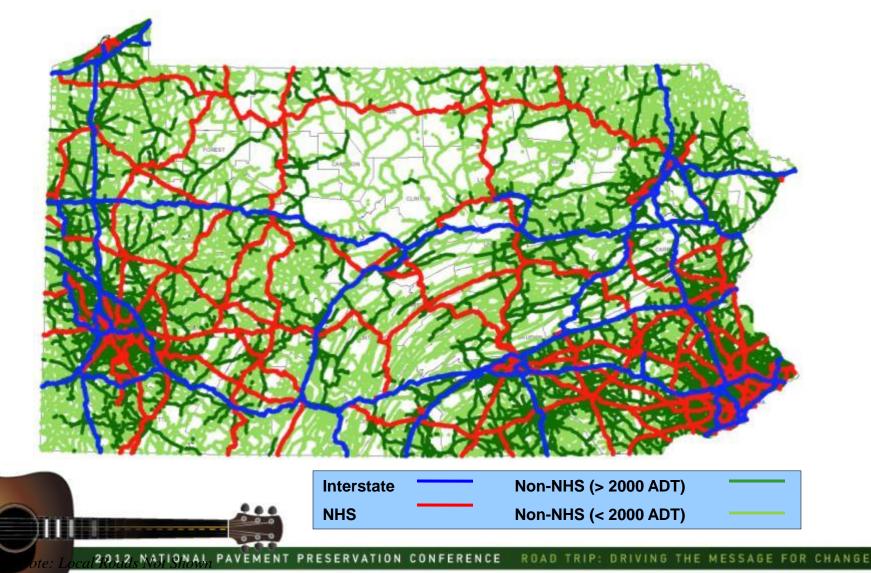
Interstate & NHS



Interstate, NHS, and Non-NHS (>2000ADT)

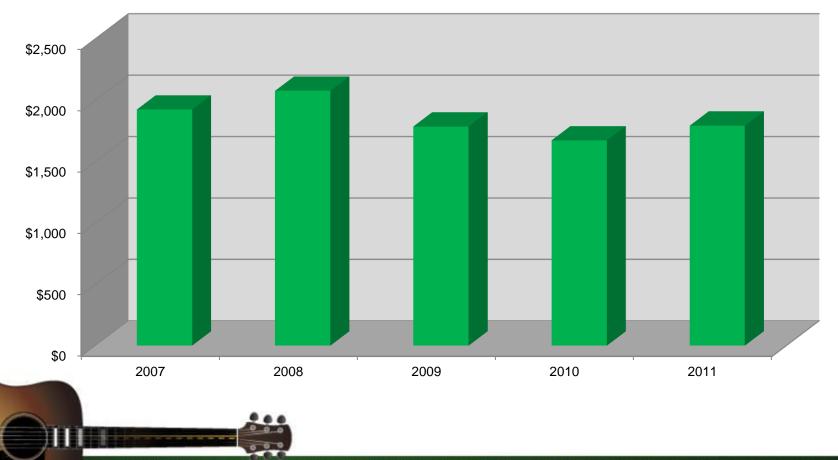


Interstate, NHS, and Non-NHS



Pennsylvania's Maintenance Backlog

Pavement Maintenance Backlog Dollar Needs (in Millions)



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Pavement Preservation

Applying the right treatment...



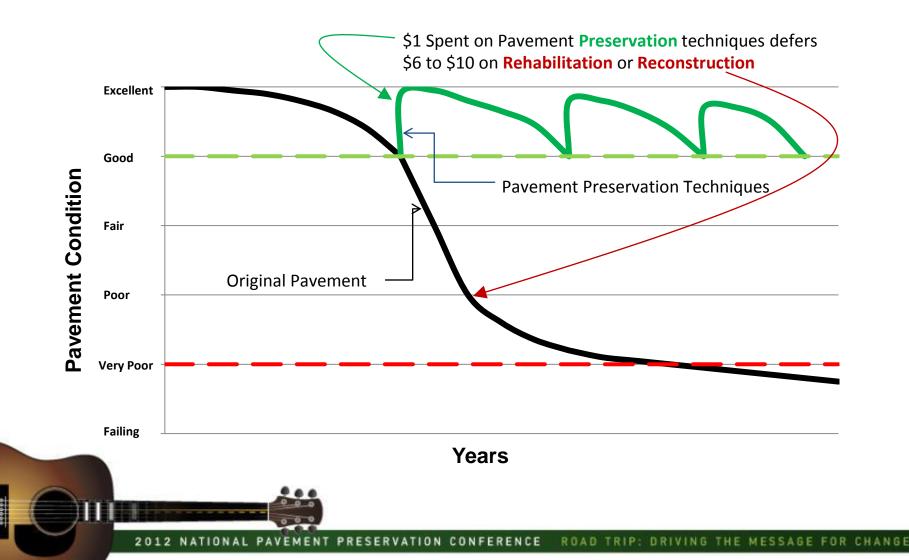


... To the right pavement...

...At the right time

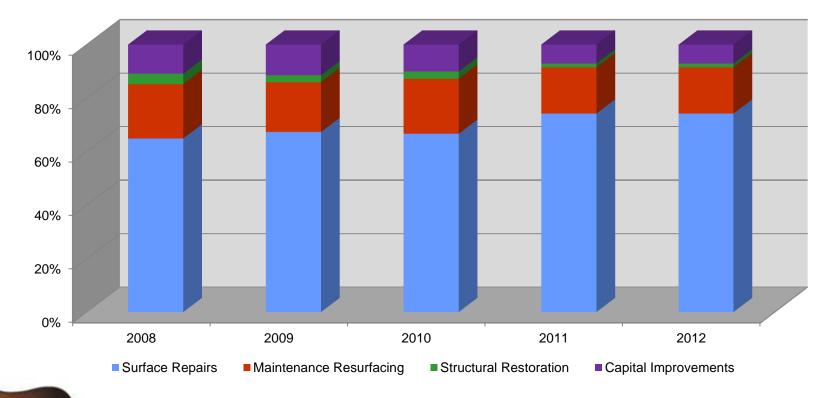


Pavement Deterioration Curve



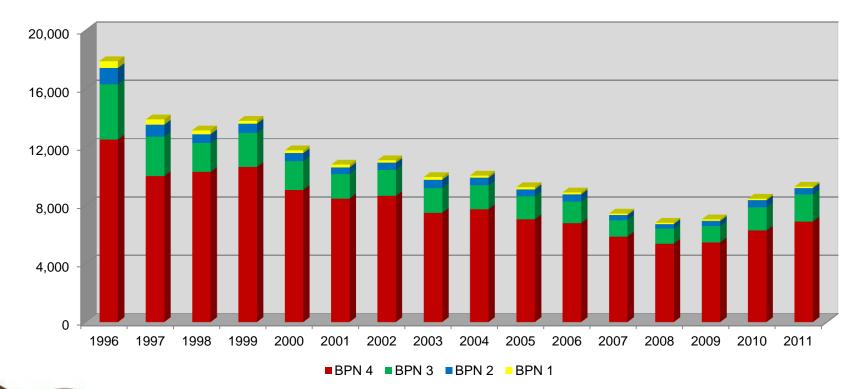
Pavement Preservation at PennDOT

Type of Improvement on State Highways 2008 to 2012



Pavement Preservation at PennDOT

Miles of Poor IRI by Network 1996 to 2011



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Pavement Treatment Cycles

- Pavement Treatment Cycles by Pavement Types:
 - Concrete Pavements
 - ➢ High-Level Bituminous Pavements
 - Low-Level Bituminous Pavements

Pavement Treatment Cycles

Concrete Pavement Cycles

Activity	Frequency
Joint sealing	5 years
Concrete patching	Year 15, 20 and 25
Diamond Grinding	Between Year 15 to 20
Overlay	Between Year 20 to 30
Seal coat shoulders (if bituminous)	5 to 7 years

Concrete Pavements

Dowel Bar Retrofit







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Ultrathin Friction

Course

High-Level Bituminous Pavement Cycles

Activity	Frequency
Crack sealing	3 to 5 years
Micro-Surfacing	One application between year 5 to 10
Resurfacing	8 to 12 years (w/ no interim micro surfacing) 13 to 17 years (w/ interim micro surfacing)
Seal coat shoulders	5 to 7 years

High-Level Bituminous Pavements



Low-Level Bituminous Pavement Cycles

Activity	Frequency
Crack sealing	3 to 5 years
Seal coat (rural) or Macro-surface	4 to 7 years
Micro-Surface or level (urban)	5 to 6 years
Resurface or level	15 to 20 years

Note: First seal coat after a level should be placed within 2 years.

Low-Level Bituminous Pavements



Thin Overlays



2012 NATIONAL PAVEMENT PRESERVATION CONFERENCE ROAD TRIP: DRIV

Activity	Amount (FY 2011)
Crack Sealing	6,535 miles
Chip Sealing	3,288 miles
Micro-Surface	406 miles
RAP	1,340,426 sq.yds
Concrete Patching	4,017 sq.yds.

Measures of Effectiveness

• County Maintenance Measurement Tool

CMMT Measures

CMMT: County Maintenance Measurement
 Tool

 Purpose: CMMT will provide for uniformity and consistency in reporting and performance measurement and help identify "Best Performers"

CMMT Measure 21 (Pavement Management)

• Objective:

To assure pavements are maintained in accordance with the BOMO guidelines in order to extend the pavement service life, and to reduce the backlog of pavement maintenance needs identified by STAMPP to effectively assist in Pavement Preservation.

CMMT Measure 21 (Pavement Management)

• Compliance is based on the following 4 criteria:

Crack seal all high level bituminous roadways every 5 years. The miles of roadway that have not been cracked sealed in the last 5 years are out of cycle.

Seal coat all low level bituminous roadways every 7 years. The miles of roadway that have not been seal coated in the last 7 years are **out of cycle**.

CMMT Measure 21 (Pavement Management)

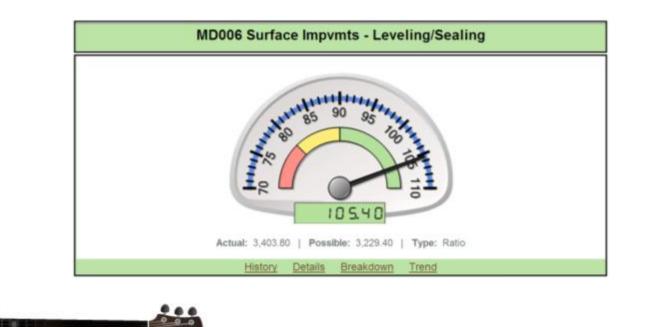
- Shoulder cut all high level roadways every 7 years to promote drainage off the pavement. The miles of roadway that have not been shoulder cut in the last 7 years are **out of cycle**.
- Shoulder cut all low level roadways every 10 years. The miles of roadway that have not been shoulder cut in the last 10 years are out of cycle.

- Measurement Tool based on 4 categories
 - ➢ Resurfacing
 - Leveling and Sealing
 - ➤Total Surface Improvement
 - Crack Sealing
- Dashboards used in District Executives Performance Evaluations.

- Resurfacing
 - This metric tracks the number miles of resurfacing completed throughout the fiscal year, and measures completed mileage versus planned mileage.



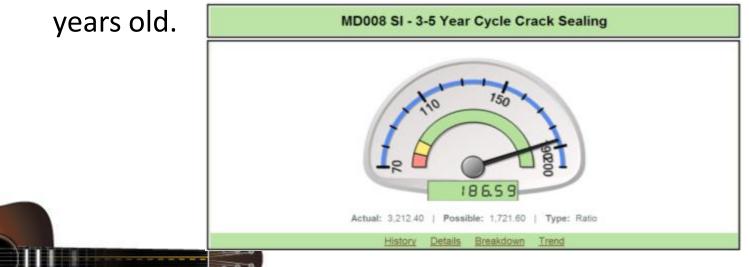
- Leveling and Sealing
 - The metric tracks the number miles of leveling and sealing completed throughout the fiscal year, and measures completed mileage versus planned mileage.



- Total Surface Improvements
 - The metric tracks the number miles of surface improvement completed throughout the fiscal year, and measures completed mileage versus total system mileage. The goal is to improve 15% of the system each fiscal year.



- Crack Sealing
 - This metric track the miles with crack sealing completed throughout the fiscal year, and measures completed mileage versus total mileage on the resurfacing network (high level bituminous) with a surface no more than five

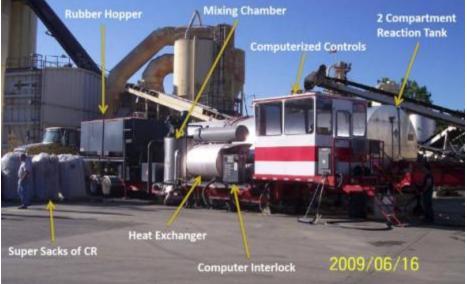


Ongoing Research Projects

- Asphalt Rubber Gap Graded (AR-GG)
- HMA and WMA Fiber
- Thin HMA Overlay
- Flexible Micro Surfacing

Asphalt Rubber Gap Graded (AR-GG)

- District 5-0 will pilot an AR-GG asphalt mix design on I-78, Mile post 11 to 16 EB & WB
- Uses the ASTM D 6114, Type II, wet process
- Control section will use a polymer modified PG 76-22.



HMA and WMA Fiber

- 1 pound fibers per 1 ton mix
- No mix design changes
- Performs better in rut testing and crack resistance



Thin HMA Overlay



- 6.3mm PG 76-22, ¾" to 1 ¼" depth overlay
- Utilizes 75 gyration volumetric design
- Conducting 3 Pilot Projects

Flexible Micro Surfacing

 New research project to investigate Flexible Micro Surfacing

➢ Reduce fatigue cracking



- Consists of an emulsion formulation enhanced with a performance additive. The additive is typically a fiber or a polymer
- A good surface treatment to be placed over recycled asphalt paving projects

Questions?

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